

PS Series (Straight) PS20S, 23S, PSA23S, 25S, 30S, 35S, 40S, 50S, 60S

OPERATION MANUAL

OM-K0232E Rev.A

Thank you for purchasing PS Series Spindle.

PS Series spindles are designed for heavy duty drilling, milling and cutting or on space restricted machines. Please read this Operation Manual carefully before use, in order to ensure proper usage and care.

/!\ Caution in Handling ■

- 1)PS series are not hand tool. Use PS Series installing it on a lathe, NC lathe, a specially engineered machine and/or automated machine etc.
- 2 Use protect cover around PS series and wear protect eye glasses while in operation since it runs. Do not touch on the spindle while it is running.
- ③Tighten the collet chuck firmly not to come off during the operation. Before start running the spindle, confirm if the collet chuck is tightened firmly.
- 4) Please be especially careful not to hit or crash the bearing caps as this will create unbalanced rotation causing excessive vibration, heat build up and wear.
- 5)Clean the collet chuck often because the collet chuck and the spindle may be hurt and create the cause of run-out if the debris and polishing powder are sticking in the spindle and the collet
- 6Do not exceed spindle speed, refer to 4. Allowable Max. Speed.

2 Features =

- 1)Spindle body is precision ground stainless steel (SUS-416) making mounting extremely easy.
- 2)Spindle has a labyrinth debris protection system built in and for extreme, conditions positive air pressure protection is available.
- (3)Spindle is available in outer diameters from 20mm to 60mm, high speed type, low speed type, stainless steel bearing type, high speed steel bearing type and ceramic bearing type.
- 4There is a hole of ϕ 2.5-6.8mm available in every spindle larger than outer diameter of 23mm. The hole is applicable for cutting oil supply etc..

Dimensions

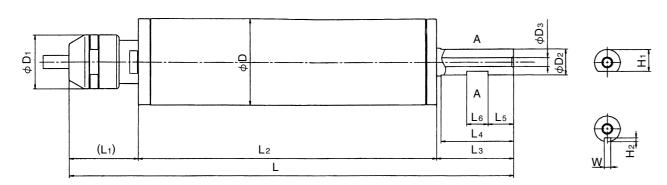


Fig. 1

Table-1

Model	ϕD	φD ₁	ϕD_2	фDз	L	L ₁	L ₂	L ₃	L ₄	L ₅	L ₆	H ₁	H ₂	W	Key	Chuck
PS20S-70	20	12.9	5	_	103.7	15.7	70	18	_	3	12	4.6	_	_	_	CHA
PS23S-80	23	16.9	7	2.5	118.1	17.1	80	21	_	3	15	6.5	_	_	_	CHK
PSA23S-80	23	12.9	5	_	112.7	14.7	80	18	_	3	15	4.6	_	_	_	CHA
PSA25S-90	25		7	2.5	129.4	18.4	90	21	_	3	15	6.5	_	_	_	
PSA30S-100	30	16.9	9	3	145.4	10.4	100	26	_	3	20	8.5	_	_	_	CHK
PSA35S-120	35		10	4	171.4	19.4	120	32	_	3	25	9.5	_	_	_	
PSA40S-140	40		12	4	207.8		140	36	34	12	10		1.0	2	3×3	
PSA45S-160	45	24.8	13	5	233.8	31.8	160	42	40	15	10	_	1.8	3	3/3	CHL
PSA50S-180	50		16	6	258.8		180	47	45	14	16	_	3	5	5×5	
PSA60S-200	60	27.8	20	6.0	287.1	36.9	200	52	50	14	22	_	3.5	6	6×6	ESX-16

Allowable Max. speed

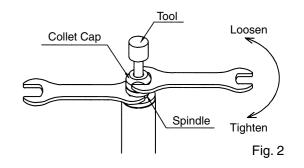
Use under the allowable Max. speed Table-2

Specification	Allowable Max. speed		
Standard speed	12,000		
High speed	24,000		
High speed (Ceramic bearing type)	24,000		
Standard speed	11,000		
High speed	22,000		
High speed (Ceramic bearing type)	22,000		
Standard speed	17,000		
High speed	34,000		
High speed (Ceramic bearing type)	34,000		
Standard speed	15,000		
High speed	30,000		
High speed (Ceramic bearing type)	30,000		
Standard speed	13,000		
High speed	26,000		
High speed (Ceramic bearing type)	26,000		
	Standard speed High speed (Ceramic bearing type) Standard speed High speed High speed (Ceramic bearing type) Standard speed High speed (Ceramic bearing type) Standard speed High speed (Ceramic bearing type) Standard speed High speed High speed (Ceramic bearing type) Standard speed High speed (Ceramic bearing type) Standard speed High speed High speed High speed		

Model	Specification	Allowable Max. speed	
PSA35S-120N	Standard speed	11,000	
PSA35S-120H	High speed	22,000	
PSA35S-120C	High speed (Ceramic bearing type)	22,000	
PSA40S-140N	Standard speed	10,000	
PSA40S-140H	High speed	20,000	
PSA40S-140C	High speed (Ceramic bearing type)	20,000	
PSA45S-160N	Standard speed	8,000	
PSA45S-160H	High speed	16,000	
PSA45S-160C	High speed (Ceramic bearing type)	16,000	
PSA50S-180N	Standard speed	7,000	
PSA50S-180H	High speed	14,000	
PSA50S-180C	High speed (Ceramic bearing type)	14,000	
PSA60S-200N	Standard speed	6,000	
PSA60S-200H	High speed	12,000	
PSA60S-200C	High speed (Ceramic bearing type)	12,000	

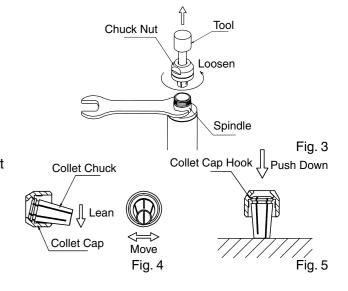
Replacing cutting tool

- 1)Place provided spanner wrench on the spindle.
- 2) Place other provided spanner wrench on the collet cap and turn it counter-clockwise to loosen the collet cap and pull out the tool. Collet and collet cap are linked together so that 2 full turns may be required to fully open the collet.
- 3 Remove old tool and replace with new one. Turn collet cap spanner wrench clockwise to fit tightly.



Replacing Collet Chuck •

- (1)Follow steps (1)&(2) above (Replacing cutting tool), and remove collet cap assembly. (Fig. 3)
- ②Collet and Collet cap are linked together. Hold collet cap firmly in one hand and pull out the collet chuck while moving it from left to right to dislogde the collet chuck. (Fig. 4)
- 3Choose a new collet chuck and insert it into collet cap disagonally to match the collet groove and collet cap hook. (Fig. 5)
- (4)Insert a tool in collet chuck and mount it into the spindle, and turn it clockwise.



- CHA : Standard collet chuck is ϕ 3.0mm. Optional chucks vary from ϕ 0.8 \sim ϕ 4.0mm in 0.1mm steps, and $\phi 2.35(0.093")$, $\phi 3.175(0.125")$, are also available.
- CHK: Standard collet chuck is ϕ 3.0mm. Optional chucks vary from ϕ 0.8 $\sim \phi$ 6.0mm in 0.1mm steps, and ϕ 2.35(0.093"), ϕ 3.175(0.125") and ϕ 6.35(1/4") are also available.
- CHL : Standard collet chuck is ϕ 6.0mm. Optional chucks vary from ϕ 1.0 $\sim \phi$ 8.0mm in 0.5mm steps, and $\phi 2.35(0.093")$, $\phi 3.175(0.125")$ and $\phi 6.35(1/4")$ are also available.

Collet Cap: CHN-L

ESX-16 : Standard collet chuck is ϕ 6.

Collet Cap: CHN-E

/!\ CAUTION:

Do not tighten collet cap too much without mounting a tool. The collet chuck will be crushed unnecessarily and separate from the collet cap. Then, the collet chuck will be difficult to remove from the spindle even when the collet cap is loosened.

Caution for making-setting pulley •

To make a well-balanced pulley, the gap of concentricity between outer diameter and inner diameter should be within the tolerane of 0.03mm.

If beyond tolerance, there may cause run-out in high speed rotation.

Check the run-out of pulley after setting of pulley.

Guidance for belt installation •

For high speed operation increase belt tension to prevent slipage. During normal speed operation please reduce belt tension to increase rear bearing life.

If the motor pulley and spindle pulley are offset high speed rotation will produce excess vibration, causing heating build up and reduced life expectancy.

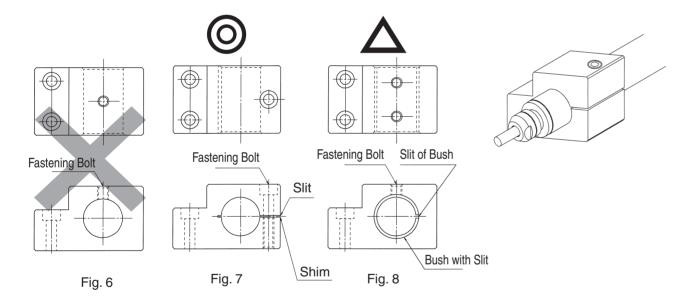
Please limit pulley center to center offset to less than 0.2mm.

CAUTION:

Please cover all rotating parts to prevent injury.

Installation of spindle =

- 1) For Split holders insert a shim in the slit and tighten the bold to normal tightness. Then, finish the bore surface to roundness and smoothness less than 5 microns and mount the spindle using the same shim.(Fig.7)
- 2)Do not fasten the spindle with a setscrew in direct contact with the spindle case.(Fig.6) If there is no other choice using a bushing and fasten with two setscrews to the central part of the spindle taking care to avoid the bearing assemblies.(Fig.8)
- ③For high speed rotation the belt must be tightened strongly as the centrifugal force is large. Do not over tighten, as this will cause excessively large loads on the rear bearings. If the spindle and motor must be offset maintain less than 0.2mm offset. Excessive offset can cause vibrations, high temperatures, etc and cause premature bearing failure.

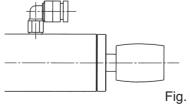


How to supply air for debris protection

Use a standard screw driver to remove the screw and screw in a M5×0.8 thread quick disconnect fitting.

For spindles with 2 sealing screws you can use either location. Supply clean, dry air between 0.1-0.2 MPa pressure.

(Please use caution as contaminated air will void warranty.)



Break-in procedures •

PS Series spindles are high speed spindles, but the following break-in procedures are necessary. During shipping and storage grease settling will occur. If the spindle is rotated at high speed quickly. Uneven grease coverage will cause heat build up and bearing damage.

After initial fixturing please follow the break-in procedures to insure optimal life expectancy. Please follow the break-in schedule in table 3.

Table-3 Break-in schedule

Step	1	2	3	4
Maximum allowable speed	30%	60%	80%	100%
Duration	15 minute	10 minute	10 minute	15 minute
Checkpoint	No abnormal noise	Spindle case should be less than 20°C. If case temperature exceeds 20°C, please shut down for 20 minutes. After 20 minute cool down period restart from step 1. If overheating continues please check spindle fixture.	Same as step 2.	Spindle outer case approximately 20°C.

Cautions when using grindstone = 12

- 1) Follow the recommended speed by the manufacturers when using drill, end mill, etc. Do not use them beyond the recommended speed because it becomes the cause of malfunction.
- 2) Make sure the tool shank is clean. If foreign materials and any debris are left in the collet chuck, they will affect T.I.R specifications.
- 3The recommendable peripheral speed of vitrified grindstone is within the range of 600 to 1,800m/min.

Peripheral speed = $\frac{\pi \times D \times N}{}$ D= Grindstone Diameter 1,000 N= Grindstone rpm.

/!\ Danger : Do not use beyond the peripheral speed of 2,000m/min. because it is dangerous.

(4) Mount a stemmed grindstone within 13mm of over-hanging mode. When mounting a stemmed grindstone longer than 13mm over-hanging mode, use it by slowing down the motor speed. (Fig. 11, Table-4)

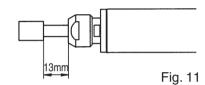


Table-4

Over-hang(mm)	(min−1)		
20	N×0.5		
25	N×0.3		
50	N×0.1		

- (5)Do not use a poor quality and run-out grindstone with cracks and scratches.
- (6)Try to use a grindstone after dressing is made.
- (7)In case of grinding, the depth of cutting in one cycle is within 0.02mm.

The depth of cutting for single phase grinding is 0.01mm. After one cycle of grinding, repeat reciprocating motion few times and start next cycle of grinding.

- 8Follow the recommended speed by the manufacturers when using drill, end mill, etc. Do not use them beyond the recommended speed because it becomes the cause of malfunction.
- (9) Make sure the tool shank is clean. If foreign materials and any debris are left in the collet chuck, they will affect T.I.R specifications.
- 10Do not give an excessive shock and do not disassemble uselessly.
- (1) It is dangerous to run the run-out grindstone with cracks and bent shank in a high speed suddenly because the grindstone may be broken of explode and shank may be bent or broken. When rotating a new grindstone or grindstone without dressing is made, run it with a low air pressure and increase the speed gradually after confirming the safety.

Trouble shooting =

Table-5

Phenomenon	Probable Cause	Corrective Action			
Vibration of hou	Foreign substance sticking in side chuck or spindle	Clean chuck and spindle interior			
Vibration of bur	In correct chuck nut setting	Set chuck nut correctly			
	Bearings worn out	Replace bearings at service center			
	Foreign substance sticking in bearings	Replace bearings at service center			
Noise and abnormal vibration	Bearings worn out				
VIDIATION	Tools bent	Replace with proper tool			
	In correct installation of belt	Adjust or replace			
No rotation	Bearings broken	Replace with new bearings at service center			

Specifications may be changed without notic

NAKANISHI INC. M

www.nakanishi-inc.com

700 Shimohinata Kanuma-shi Tochigi 322-8666, Japan

NSK Europe GmbH ED REP

www.nsk-europe.de

Elly-Beinhorn-Strasse 8 65760 Eschborn, Germany

NSK America Corp

www.nskamericacorp.com

1800 Global Parkway Hoffman Estates, IL 60192 LISA '08.04.002(S